

THE WEATHER
Tonight, Fair and Colder
Tuesday, Fair

TONOPAH DAILY BONANZA

METAL QUOTATIONS	
SILVER	\$1.01 1/2
COPPER	17 1/2 @ 17 3/4
LEAD	\$5.10
QUICKSILVER	\$95.00

RAILROAD BILL FAILS TO PASS

U. S. Transportation Lines May Revert at Once to Their Private Ownership

War Finance Corporation May Carry the Railroads

(By Associated Press) WASHINGTON, March 4.—Director Hines, commenting on the failure of Congress to pass the appropriation for the railroad administration, said:

WILSON ON WAY BACK TO FRANCE

(By Associated Press) WASHINGTON, March 4.—President Wilson said "goodbye" to White House officials and employees at 10:30 o'clock today and drove to the capital to sign measures passed during the closing hours of Congress before leaving for New York on his way back to France. Secretaries Blair and Houston and Secretary Tamm accompanied the president. Other cabinet officers, including Secretary Daniels and Redfield, joined the president in his private room off the senate chamber.

House Expresses Hope for Ireland

(By Associated Press) WASHINGTON, March 4.—The House today adopted a resolution expressing hope that the peace conference, which is expected to open in London, will be held in the spirit of self-determination.

FUNDS IN HAND TO MOVE TROOPS

(By Associated Press) WASHINGTON, March 4.—Failure of the army appropriation bill and other military measures to pass Congress before the war department in a "difficult but not serious situation," Secretary Baker said. There is no immediate shortage of funds to care for troops in transit.

FILIBUSTER STOPS ALL NOMINATIONS

(By Associated Press) WASHINGTON, March 4.—Inability to secure an executive session of the senate because of the Republican filibuster caused the failure of scores of nominations including A. Palmer Mitchell to be attorney general, Controller of Currency William Norman Hapgood, as minister to Denmark, many federal judges, attorneys, postmasters and others. Recess nominations will be made.

SECRETARY BAKER COMES TO COAST

(By Associated Press) WASHINGTON, March 4.—Secretary Baker plans to leave Washington Sunday accompanied by General March on an inspection trip that will take him to the Pacific coast and Mexican border. The itinerary includes Camp Kearny.

AVIATORS KILLED

(By Associated Press) LAWTON, Okla., March 4.—Lieutenant Walter Wire of Los Angeles, and Pilot Sergeant Omstead were killed when their plane fell. Their bodies were burned.

TODAY AND A YEAR AGO

	1919	1918
5 a. m.	20	37
10 a. m.	30	43
12 noon	25	51
Maximum, March 3	25	55
Minimum, March 3	22	34
Relative humidity at noon today, 61 per cent.		

THE GERMAN REPUBLIC MAY BE OVERTHROWN

(By Associated Press) BERLIN (Monday), March 3.—The National Spartacus League and other Communist organizations have issued an appeal for an immediate general strike to overthrow the national assembly and the present republic. The organizations instruct their following to assemble at factories and prevent work and direct them to avoid street demonstrations in order that the government may have no opportunity to crush the movement by force.

STRIKE IS ORDERED BY SCANT MAJORITY

(By Associated Press) COPENHAGEN, March 4.—The proposal of the Spartacists to declare a general strike was adopted by the workers' councils of Berlin Sunday after a stormy meeting by a bare majority, says a Berlin dispatch.

GETTING EVEN BY A LYING CAMPAIGN

(By Associated Press) WASHINGTON, March 4.—A cablegram from General Pershing, made public by the war department, charges that the campaign of criticism against handling embarkation from the camp at Brest grew out of a trial by court martial of Major Alfred Brissall, formerly of the New York Evening Telegram. The message charges that Brissall said he would "get some one in Brest."

STRANGLER WINS BOUT

(By Associated Press) CHICAGO, March 4.—Ed "Strangler" Lewis defeated Joe Stecher last night, getting a fall after 2 hours, 12 minutes and 37 seconds.

Wilson Blames The Senate for Obstructing

(By Associated Press) WASHINGTON, March 4.—The adjournment of Congress, President Wilson issued a statement declaring that a group of men in the senate had deliberately chosen to embarrass and obstruct the administration and to impede the financial interests of the railway systems of the country.

ALLIES RETREAT BEFORE ATTACKS OF BOLSHEVIKI

(By Associated Press) ARCHANGEL (Monday), March 3.—The Bolsheviks continue to push their offensive against American and allied troops on the front 160 miles south of Archangel, according to reports received at headquarters here today. The allies have evacuated the village of Vozlovskaya. The Bolsheviks apparently are attempting to drive the Americans from Ust Vaga and cut off the column down the Dvina. The Bolsheviks on the Dvina are numerically superior three to one and also have a great superiority in guns.

FOCH DEMANDS FLEET DELIVERY WITHOUT DELAY

(By Associated Press) COPENHAGEN, March 4.—General Foch has demanded immediate delivery of the German mercantile fleet without regard to the question of food supply, according to a dispatch from Weimar where the German assembly is in session.

MOST MOMENTOUS SESSION OF CONGRESS PASSES INTO HISTORY

(By Associated Press) WASHINGTON, March 4.—The 65th or great war congress passed into history today with final taps of the gavel by Vice-President Marshall and Speaker Clark at noon. Failure of scores of important bills gave promise of early convening after the second return of President Wilson from France for reconstruction legislation of the new congress in extraordinary session, in which control passes from the Democratic party to the Republicans. Unusual scenes of confusion in the final rush to complete its work accompanied the closing hours of congress, in which President Wilson, just back from France in his room off the senate chamber, hastily signed many last-minute measures. Stupendous was the record of the congress, which carried the nation into and through the war and which had been in almost continuous session since it was called by President Wilson into extraordinary session April 2, 1917, to declare war against Germany. It appropriated about \$60,000,000,000, authorized \$25,000,000,000 in bonds, and enacted countless measures for prosecuting the war and of domestic import. The new congress will take up the limitless task of reconstruction problems, ratification of the peace treaty and other vital questions, probably immediately after the return of President Wilson from his second visit to France. Special features of the sixty-fifth congress were many addresses by President Wilson, including those recommending war with Germany and Austria, that of January 8, 1917, enunciating his famous fourteen principles of peace, and those endorsing woman suffrage, announcing the armistice terms imposed upon Germany last November. There were three sessions of the congress. The first, extra session, met April 2, 1917, following shortly after the turbulent and successful senate filibuster on the administration armed ship bill which marked the close of the sixty-fourth congress. The dramatic night address of President Wilson to urge war with Germany, which was promptly declared, marked the opening of the extra session, called but a few weeks after the president's inauguration for a second term. The session closed October 6, 1917, lasting 188 days. The second session—lasting 354 days and the longest in the history of American government—began December 3, 1917, and adjourned November 21, last. The third and final session which ended today began December 2, last, and was the statutory short session of 93 days. Substantial Democratic majorities (Continued On Page Two.)

CONGRESS ADJOURNS NOON TODAY LEAVING IMPORTANT MEASURES OVER UNTIL PRESIDENT'S RETURN

(By Associated Press) WASHINGTON, March 4.—Congress went into the final hours of the long war session today with the Republican filibuster against general legislation completely beyond control and with the leaders of both sides conceding that the general deficiency bill with \$750,000,000 for the railroad administration would fail in the face of the unrelenting obstruction of a small Republican group. Some spokesmen of the administration said the failure of this measure will necessarily mean the almost immediate return of the railroads to the owners because the government could not continue to finance them without an appropriation.

39 SENATORS ARE AGAINST LEAGUE

(By Associated Press) WASHINGTON, March 4.—Senator Lodge received a telegram from Senator Fall of New Mexico, authorizing the signing of Fall's name to a resolution opposing the League of Nations constitution as now drawn. The signature now number 39.

GIVE UP BOLSHEVIKI FOR THE U. S. CONSUL

(By Associated Press) WASHINGTON, March 3.—The British government has asked the government of India to release the Russian Bolshevik prisoners and hold in Persia in exchange for United States Consul Roger Fernald, who has been a prisoner of the Bolsheviks at Tashkent, Tashkent, for several months.

CIVIL WAR DECLARED IN BERLIN

(By Associated Press) COPENHAGEN, March 4.—The Prussian government has declared a state of siege in the police districts of Berlin, Spandau and elsewhere to protect the bulk of the working people from famine and terror of the minority. A Berlin dispatch says Minister of War Noske has assumed executive power.

STEAMER DRIVEN ASHORE BY ICE

(By Associated Press) ST. JOHN'S, N. F., March 4.—The steamer Appennine from Liverpool for St. John's was driven ashore at Whitlock Point by ice pack today. The entire coast is blocked by the ice and nothing can be done to relieve the Appennine until a change of wind opens the floes.

BAVARIANS MARCH AGAINST MUNICH

(By Associated Press) PARIS, March 4.—Bavarian troops opposed to the radical government of Munich are marching on that city, according to a Zurich dispatch to the Petit Parisien. This announcement was made at the soldiers' and workmen's conference in Munich.

DEATH OF GOVERNOR

(By Associated Press) SALEM, Ore., March 4.—James Withycombe, aged 65, governor of Oregon, died last night. He continued to transact official business until a week ago.

Adjourning marks the passage of Democratic control of the year. The big bills that passed included both army and navy appropriation measures. The only one measure that ran the gamut of filibustering were the Veterans' and wheat marketing bills. There was no burning back of clocks. Democratic leaders requested adjournment was too hopeless. The adjournment of the long and great war session and the 65th congress actually tapped at noon. Just before adjournment President Wilson authorized a final notice to the Republicans that officers to force an immediate extra session had failed and that he was unshaken in his determination not to call Congress until the work of the new session was done. Republican Leader Lodge declared a comment on the president's statement. He declared, however, that three-fourths of the Republicans opposed the future armistice and appropriation. This from Republicans who insisted on filibustering to delay the bill. It was stated "were the mind control."

DOING TOO MUCH FOR THE PEOPLE SAYS GOVERNOR

(By Associated Press) WASHINGTON, March 4.—A man between Governor Ellis of New Jersey and Governor Wood of New York developed at the conference at St. Louis after an attack by Ellis on the government's policy. It was said to do too much for the people. Ellis said the government was not doing enough.

TO SUCCEED PALMER

(By Associated Press) WASHINGTON, March 3.—Francis P. Garvan of New York City has been named as the probable successor to A. Palmer Mitchell.

BUTLER THEATRE

TODAY
Rupert Hughes' Gripping Novel,
"EMPTY POCKETS"
A mystery story of New York's slum and palaces, in seven thrilling reels. Also, Mutt & Jeff and a Triangle comedy.

TOMORROW
"The Great Victory"
(Wilson or the Kaiser)
"The Son of Democracy"
(Abraham Lincoln)

Admission, 11-15-20c